PARLIAMENTARY TOPICS.

REASSEMBLING OF BOTH HOUSES. WHAT WAS DONE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS-REMARKS BY MR. GLADSTONE ON DIFFERENT

SUBJECTS-THE HOUSE OF LORDS. Both Houses of Parliament reassembled yesterday. In the House of Commons Lord Randolph Churchill, Conservative, moved an adjournment to protest against an autumn session, but, after a speech from Mr. Gladstone, the motion was lost. A resolution moved by Mr. Gladstone, giving precedence to the rules of procedure whenever set down, was carried. He outlined what the Government hoped to do in regard to the rules. A motion, also made by Mr. Gladstone, was passed for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the imprisonment of E. Dwyer Gray. When the Conservatives pressed their inquiries regarding the intentions of the Government in dealing with the Egyptian question, Mr. Gladstone said that if the Opposition wished to attack their policy the Government would provide an issue. Little business of interest was transacted in the House of Lords.

DEBATES IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS. THE CONSERVATIVES TRY IN VAIN TO ADJOURN-TOPICS RELATING TO EGYPT, IRELAND AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE-THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

London, Oct. 24.—Parliament reassembled today. Previous to the assembling of the House of Commons the advanced Iri-h members held a meeting. They were chiefly occupied in arranging petitions referring to the imprisonment of E. Dwyer Gray. Lord Mayor Dawson, of Dublin, has a hundred petitions to present in the House.

In the House of Commons, Lord Randolph Caurchill, Conservative, contended that the present sitting was irregular after the Appropriation bill had received the royal assent. He moved the adjournment of the House in order to protest against an antumu session, and pointed out, in the course of a long historical review and amid loud cheers from the Tories, that the House of Commons had ever been jealous against monarchical or ministerial tyr-

Mr. Gladstone said that he was glad to see Lord Randolph Churchill in the House again. He contended that the precedents quoted by Lord Raudolph Churchill were inapplicable. The House, he said, had full power to take its present course.

Sir Stafford Northcote commended Lord Randolph Churchiil's action. He asked Mr. Giadstone whether he would adhere to his financial view of the situation or make a statement in reference to the war in Egypt.

After further remarks the motion of Lord Randolph Churchill was defeated by a vote of 209 to

Mr. Gladstone then gave notice that he would move a vote of thanks on Thursday next to the British army in Egypt.

Mr. Gladstone stated in regard to the first rule of procedure, that the Government would adhere to its main proposal, and would propose as a second rale that motions for adjournment could only be made by leave after questions were finished and the orders of the day begun. The motion for granting leave should be put forthwith on more than forty members supporting it by rising in their places. Mr. Gladstone gave notice of a further addition to the sules, according to which motions to bring in bills, and bills that have passed in committee, shall not be subject to the rule precluding any opposed business being taken after 12:30 a.m. This will in great measure frustrate obstructive blocking of

Mr. Gladstone then moved a resolution giving precedence to the rules of procedure whenever se down. Sir Stafford Northcote expressed regret at the decision of the Government to adhere to the closure. Sir Walter Barttelot and Ashmead Bart-lett, Conservatives, declared that they would op-pose closure by all the forms of the House. Mr. Gladatone's motion for precedence was carried by a vote of 98 to 47.

Hadstone called attention to the com of E. Dwyer Gray. He was glad to see Mr. Gray present in the House. He moved the appointment of a committee in Mr. Gray's case, The Govern-ment, he announced, contemplated submitting early in the next sossion, a measure dealing with

s for contempt. nell asked Mr. Gladstone to enlarge the sir. Farnell assed Mr. Gladstone to charge the scope of the inquiry to be made by the committee proposed in Mr. Gray's case; else, he said, the time occupied by the committee would be wasted. He contended that the question to consider was a medification of the power of Judges. Mr. Lewis, member for Londonderry, moderate Conservative, ap-

heaton of the power of Judges. At least, mem-ber for Londonderry, moderate Conservative, ap-proved Mr. Parnell's views. Sir Henry James, Attorney-General, explained that the motion for the appointment of the commit-tie was a matter of privilege, and the House could not go beyond the case that had raised the point of privilege. Mr. Gladstone's motion was then agreed to.

Sir Stafford Northcote inquired when the paperin relation to Egypt would be presented, what the Government's intentions were in regard to the policy to be pursued toward that country, and whether it was proposed, as rumored, to charge to Egypt a large portion of the cost of the late war

Egypt a large portion of the cost of the late war thre.

Alt. Gladistone said that the papers would be presented at once. In regard to their policy the Government were less fettered now than they were six months ago, but they would hold out no expectation of laying down a definite scheme for the approval of the House during the limited time at disposal. The declarations of the Government, he said, must be very reserved; but, if the opposition wished to attack their policy, the Government would arrange to bring forward an issue. Other matters could be discussed after the rules had been disposed of.

Mr. Gladstone said he did not know that it would be necessary to ask for more money this year.

Sir Wilfrid Lawson, Radical, gave notice that he wealf oppose the voic of thanks to the array in Leyer.

The Parnellites voted with the minority in favor

pr. ne Parnellites voted with the minority in favor

ACTION OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS. London, Oct. 24 .- In the House of Lords Earl Granville, Foreign Secretary, gave notice that he would on Thursday next move a vote of thanks to the commander, officers and men of the British Army in Egypt. He would then propose that the House scjourn until November 10. Lord Salisbury acquiseced in the proposal of Lord Granville. The House then adjourned until Thursday, when Lord Salisbury will ask a question regarding the Egyptian policy of the Government after the vote of thanks to the army has been passed.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

EVIDENCE AGAINST ARABI PACHA.

Carno, Oct. 24 .- Arabi Pacha's correspondence during the last two years was seized this morning. was deposited with Sir Edward Malet, the British Consul-General. It includes voluminous e rrespondence with Constantinople and the min ties of secret sittings of the Baroudi Cabinet. LONDON, Oct. 24 .- The Standard believes that the

nce against Arabi Pacha is very strong, and myshis correspondence with the Sultan is highly

The Times's correspondent at Cairo says he has terson to believe that the entire proceedings against the rebels now awaiting trial may be stopped by a beree of exile against the ringleaders and of am-

The Times also has the following from its Cairo Orrespondent: "Arabi Pacha says that events have proved to him the folly of hoping in any further National movement, or of trusting the Sultan, and that the happiness of Egypt makes necessary the virtual government of the country by the English?

cording to a Cairo dispatch the Khedive has

according to a Cairo dispatch the Knedive sent a teegraphic dispatch to the Sultan congratulating him on the occasion of the festival of Bairam, begging a continuance of the Sultan's favor and protection, and expressing unalterable devotion and fidelity. London, Oct. 25.—A dispatch from Caire says that the correspondence of Arabi Pacha was not

seized, but was delivered to his counsel by his son.

A servant had concealed the documents.

The Daily News has the following dispatch from Cairo: Many persons of the highest rank here and in Turkey are deeply compromised by Arabi's correspondence.

EFFECTS OF THE TYPHOON AT MANILA.

MADRID, Oct. 24 .- An official dispatch from Manila, dated the 21st inst., states that the typhoon destroyed all the woeden and thatched houses and carried away the iron and tiled roofs of the others. Sixty thousand families are homeless. The barracks, hospitals, Government offices and factories were destroyed. The loss of life, however, was relatively smail. Maiacan and Boulacan were also devastated. Communication is interrupted between Manila and the other towns on the Island or Luxor.

NIHILIST REVELATIONS IN FRANCE. Paris. Oct. 24.—The trial of the authors of riots in Monteeau-les-Mines has been postponed until the next session of the court, owing to numerous attempts to intimidate the jury.

It is reported that the police have discovered proofs of the existence of an international association having for its object the destruction of property. Its headquarters its object the destruction of property. Its headquarters is supposed to be in Geneva. Among the documents selzed are several letters, showing that correspondence has been proceeding between French members of this association and a directing committee in Switzerland, which comprises several prominent Russian Ninlists. At a Cabinet Council to-day it was resolved to prosecute a speaker at an American meeting in Lyons who said he was quite ready to murder President Greyy. Since the explosion of bombs in Lyons, similar explosions have occurred in Montpellier and Lylle.

INCIDENTS IN THE LAND AGITATION. LONDON, Oct. 24 .- The correspondent of The Standard at Rome says he has excellent authority for believing that Archbishop Croke will be summoned to that city in the course of the winter to confer with the Pope in regard to the state of Ireland.

DUBLIN, Oct. 24.—The trial of the murderers of the Joyce family, near Cong, will begin early in November. Justice Earry will preside at the trial.

THE PRUSSIAN ELECTIONS. LONDON, Oct. 24 .- A Reuter dispatch from Berlin says that further reports regarding the elections or direct electors of members of the Diet show that the Extreme Right and Secessionist Liberals are net gainers to the extent of nine and five seats respectively. The National Liberals have lost ten seats. The election of Herr Stocker in Westphalia now appears assured. The Government is making every endeavor to prevent an alliance of the Conservatives with the Clerical party, and to effect a facton of the Free Conservatives and Moderate National Liberals.

A HEAVY GALE IN ENGLAND.

London. Oct. 24 .- A heavy gale raged in England to-day. Telegraphic dispatches from the Continent were delayed by the storm. Considerable damage has been done in many parts of the country. The rivers are overflowing their banks.

The race for the Cambridgeshire Stakes, at the New-

The race for the Cambridgeshire Stakes, at the New-market Houghton meeting, was postponed until to-mor-row in consequence of the bad weather.

The banquet to the Horse Guards has been postponed, the rale having blown down the marquee.

Loxion, Oct. 25.—The gale yesterday did a vast amount of damace throughout the country. Many dis-tricts were flooded. The shipping along the coast suf-fered severely. A steamer was sunk in the casancel by a collision, and nine persons were drowned. At Sheerness the gale has not been equalled in thirty years.

THE ATTEMPT ON KING MILAN'S LIFE. Belgrade, Oct. 24.-The King and Queen

attended the services at the cathedral to-day. The city is illuminated to night. Some persons have been arrested on suspicion of complicity in the attempt on the King's The editor of a Socialistic paper has been arrested in connection with the attempted assassination of the King.

AFFAIRS IN THE WEST INDIES.

St. Thomas, Oct. 17.-Two sharp shocks of earthquake were felt here at 4 p. m. on the 13th inst. St. Domisgo, Oct. 10.-The tobacco crop is very large Business is rather staruant.

CAPE HAYTI, Oct. 9 .- Three slight shocks of earth uake have been felt here the past week. Business is Coffee is quoted at 4% cents, cocoa at 5 cents, and hides at 12 cents,
Barnadors, Oct 12.—Native provisions are scarce consequently American products are in good demand Codish is scarce. A cargo of breadstuffs on the brigan time Clary, from New York, was sold at full prices.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Losbon, Tuesday, Oct. 24, 1882. The Bey of Tunis continues very ill, and there is little A disputch from Berlin says: The Bundesrath has de-

A dispatch to The Daily News from Paris states that all the anarchists arrested a few days since have been released on their own recognizances.

The man Soutar, whose trial for stealing the body of he Earl of Crawford and Balcarres was begun yesterday in Edinburgh, has been found guilty and sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

A Constantinople disputen says that the Sultan gave

an audience to General Wallace, the American Minister to-day, and invited him to the palace again on Friday, General Wallace has consented to postpone his depar-

ture for Syria.

The coal-owners of West Lancashire have decided to advance miners' wages 10 per cent. This action pratically ends the dispute in Lancashire. The coal-owners

of South Yorkshire have agreed to offer the colliers an advance of 5 per cent in their wages in order to avery MONTREAL, Oct. 24 - The directors of the Bank of Montreal have declared a half-yearly dividend of 5 per cent payable on December 1 The indebtedness of \$800,000 of the Roman Catholic diocese of Montreal shiefly incurred in building churches, has all been leared off by subscriptions of the Catholics and the sale f church property ... Morin & Co., general storekeep rs, of St. Cesaire, Que., have failed, with liabilities mounting to \$50,000.

TRYING TO SMUGGLE OPIUM AND SILKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—An officer who was engoged in watching the Chinese steamer Arabic, at the mail pur last night, saw a boat run alongside and receive some packages from the vessel. On being discovered the best moved off. The officer opened fire, and at the second shot one of the boatmen dropped his oar and cried out that he was shot. His comrade, on the ap proach of the Custom House boat, threw the package overboard and escaped in the darkness. The package were recovered and found to contain opium and sliks to the value of nearly \$40,000. No trace of the smugglers

the value of nearly \$40,000. No trace of the smugglers could be obtained.

James Rourke, the night inspector on duty on the steamship Arabic last night, has been arrosted on a charge of conspiring and alting to get smuggled goods ashors. The Custom House officials allers that they have proof that instead of Rourke preventing the smugging from the vessel, he looked at the men during the delivery of the articles into the boat and size conversed with them. Other persons are strongly suspected of implication in the smugging, and will be arrested as soon as sufficient evidence is obtained.

TROUBLE AWAITING MRS. LANGTRY.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.-A sensation has been promised when Mrs. Langtry arrives here. It seems that some weeks ago she was announced to appear at McVicker's Theatre, and extensive preparations wer that she will play an engagement solely at Haverly's The manager of Movicker's is unable to account for the vacillations of Mr. Abbey, and it now seem likely that she will have an opportunity to appear in Chicago court to tell what she knows about broken co tracts. Young Hornee McVicker is manager of Haverly

CONGRESS OF EPISCOPAL CLERGYMEN.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 24.-The eighth annual ongress of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States assembled in this city to-day. Bishop J. N. Gallaher, of Louisiana, delivered an address, giving a review of the object and scope of the church cougress e to the members. The Rev. Dr. George Wildes, o New York, general secretary, read a memorial of the deceased members, the Rev. John Cotton Smith, the Rev. Dr. John S. Stone and the Rev. Dr. James Craik, o

AN ENGINEER INDICTED FOR HOMICIDE.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass. Oct. 24.-Emerson G. Watson, engineer of the Troy and Greenfield locomotive which ran into the caboose, loaded with workmen, or the Hoesac Tunnel line on last Saturday, causing several deaths, was arraigned here to-day on a charge of homi

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1882.

THE FIRE RECORD.

FLAMES IN SOUTH STREET.

The building occupied on the fourth floor by Atterbury Brothers, dealers in paper stock, at No. 158 South-st., was damaged by fire yesterday \$3,000. The damage to stock was \$3,000. The stock of J. P. Sneiling, a ship-chandler, on the second floor, was injured \$500 by water. The losses were covered by insurance.

A MACARONI FACTORY BURNED. New-Orleans, Oct. 24 .- J. Sambola's maca-

oni factory at Nos. 267 and 269 Decatur-st., was burne last night, and several adjoining out dings were partially destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$80,000. GREAT SUFFERING FROM YELLOW FEVER.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Oct. 24.-Fifty-one new ases of yellow fever and five deaths were reported today, making the total to date 2,058 cases and 168 deaths. The cool wave which has lasted several days is passing off without giving any frost. The demand for re-Hef increases as the sickness is prolonged. The fever has crossed the little bayon two miles from the city. A visit to that neighborhood and to some of the slums of this to that neighborhood and to some of the slums of this city to-day by Mr. Beent of the Board of Health, Major Walthall and Messes. Yneistern and Leonard revenied many scenes of miser; and suffering. Young Tarble, son of the Mayor and Collector, their to day, and Mr. Tarble himself is very lil. Dr. Harris, the oldest practitioner of medicine in remsacola, and president of the Board of Health best he fever. Mrs. Brent, whow of the late Commodore Dyan, is also ill with the disease in a mild form.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Oct. 24.-There is much con laint in political circles about the division of the county y Dr. Murray's corden, as it interferes very much with the holding of elections in the outer precinets. Regular mail communication should be reestablished at once. There are no yellow fever cases here now. At Mier and Camarro the fever is still very prevalent. The days are hot and the nights cool.

COLLISION BLIWEEN TRAINS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 24.-A dispatch from Independence, Mo., says: A collision occurred to-day between a passenger train and a freight train on the narrow-gauge Lexington branch of the Missouri Pacide Railroad, near Adams Station. The engines came to

DR OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES RESIGNS.

Boston, Oct. 24.-Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes has tendered his resignation as Parkman Proesser of Anatomy in the Medical School of Harvard University, but, at the request of the Board of Government, if will be permitted to remain in abeyance until satisfactors errangements can be mid-for filling the vacancy. The retirement of Dr. Holmes from an office he has held for thirty-five rears is induced by a desire to give attention hereafter more particularly to literary pursuits.

ANXIOUS TO BE DECLARED SANE.

Keokuk, Iowa, Oct. 24.-Efforts are being made to nave Mark Gray Lyon, who shot at Booth in a Chicago theatre three years ago, released from the Elgin, I.i., Insone Asylum. A writ of habeas corpus was granted by Judge Williams, of Carrbage, to-day. An examination will be unde as soon as Lyon can be brought back. His friends claim he is perfectly same.

MARRIAGE OF A GOVERNOR'S DAUGHTER.

SPRINGFIELD Ill., Oct. 24 .- Miss Ella Cullom. danghter of Governor Culion, was married in the First Presbyterian Church this evening to William Briddley, of this city. Fifteen hundred invitations were issued.

FRAGMENTS OF WESTERN NEWS.

DETERMINED TO COMMIT SUICIDE.
CINCINNATI, Oct. 24.—An old German woman alled this morning on Mrs. Eva Wehrle, but found the oor locked. Recoming impatient, she looked in and aw that Mrs. Wehrle had banged herself. By mirks on he bed it was evident that she first stabbed herself, but muchly arises and, going to a room overhead, anged herself. She also hanged her pet dog.

A MURDERER'S BLOODY TROUBERS.
CINCINNATI, Oct. 24.—When Frederick Capthe coroner he stated that he had his doal which he work the duy before the marder in a corn shock and had not been able since to find it. At Captain's house search was made and hidden under the best clothes of a cradle was found a pairof trousers that had been washed but which still bore marks of blood. Captain has since continued in a state of apparent insanity.

THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION. CLEVELAND, Oct. 24.—The thirty-sixth a CLEVELAND, Oct. 24.—The thirty-sixth an-buni meeting of the American Missionary Association assembled this afternoon and will continue for three days. Among those present to take part in the exer-cises are ex-Governor Washburn, of Massachusetts, president of the Association; General Clinton B. Fisk; President White, of Cornell University; ex-President Hayes; the Rev. Dr. Striedy, of New-York City, and Professor Albert Salisbury.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS. LOUISVILLE, Kv., Oct. 24 — The Brotherhood of ocomotive Engineers to-day elected the following officers could or and Engineer, F. Paveite, Second Assistant, H. E. Lins, and Third Assistant, C. B. Gifford.

PROVIDENCE, R. 1., Oct. 24.—John Donney, age surfeen, was so badly crushed in an elevator at a Boston dry poets store to-day that both legs were broken and one of them ad to be amputated.

EXPLOSION IN ELECTRIC LIGHT WORKS.

MAHA OY CITY, Penn, Oct. 24.—William Nort ly, age thitten, while working at the Tunnel Ridge C ery, accelerately fell into the breaker and sustained injur

A GERMAN BARK SOLD AT AUCTION, ROSTON, Oct. 24.—The German bark Fritz, of 425 ons, twelve years old, was not an auction to day by the Inted Stales Marshai for \$4.950. Messrs, Mainsheid &

toberts were the purchasers.

AN ALTEMPT TO ROB A BANK.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 24.—A disputch to The Calon from Conway states that an attempt was made to rob he National tank last night. The yeard contained unstained in an 420 bills to the amount of \$5,000, and less than \$2,000 exides. The byrglars escaped with a team stolen from Tucker 8. Conk's bare.

esides The burglars escaped while a COOUNTS SHORT.

2 COOK'S barn.

A DECEASED OFFICIAL'S ACCOUNTS SHORT.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 24.—An expert's erimination of the financial condition of the city government hows denicencies since 1873 which amount to \$60,000, the man deficiency existing in the accounts of city treasurer.

W. George, deceased, which foot up \$27,000.

w. George, deceased, which nost up \$27,000.

TWO SWINDLERS SENTENCED.

BUFFALO, Oct. 24.—The embroidery swindlers, Franklin Herr and wife, were sentenced to-day, having pleaded suitly to petit brecopy. Herr was sentenced to the Work louse for six months, and the woman was fined \$25. The atter claims to have jost a fortune in Wall st.

A NEW TERROGATHE News and Stock Tel ALBANY, Oct. 24—the News and Stock Tel raph Commany of New York, was incorporated to day. Co. ola, 8000,000, with the privilege of increasing it 6 \$2,000, file line is to run through the United States, Canada a INJURED WHILE JUMPING FROM A TRAIN.

INJURED WHILE JUMPING FROM A LANGE BOSTON. Oct. 24.—As Thomas Gargan, a wel-known lawyer of this city, was attempting to jump from nowing train this morning at Deverous station, on the Mi pichead branch of the Eastern Laitroad he fell and receive injuries from which it is feared he cannot recover.

AN INTOXICATED MAN KILLED BY A TRAIN. SHAMOKIN, Penn., Oct. 24.—John Fisher, abover on the new branch of the frealing Railroad, which wink yesterday, attempted to get on a train of moving coars, near the weigh scales. He fell and one of his legs we obady injured that it had to be amputated, from the effect which he died soon afterward.

of which he died soon afterward.

HIS SKULL CRUSHED BY A LOCOMOTIVE.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Michael Day, while walking on the track of the Delaware and Hudson Endroad, on the track of the Delaware and Hudson Endroad, on a troop tridge near West Troy, this morning, was struck by a locomotive and fell through the bridge thirty six feet to the tow-path beneath. His skull was crushed and his legs and arms terribly mangled. He cannot live.

THE SHIP ELIZABETH LAUNCHED.

THE SHIP ELIZABETH LAUNCHED.

DAMARISCOTTA. Me., Oct. 24 — Messrs. Haggett & To launched to-day the ship Elizabeth, of 1.80s tons burthen, oppered on the stocks. She is owned by Messrs. E. Haggett & Co., of this place. Pendietons, of Searsport. and others, and is commanded by Phineas Pendieton, of Searsport. and is commanded by Phineas Pendicton, of Searsport.

PHI DELTA THETA FRATERNITY.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 24.—The therefourth an main convention of the Phi Delta Theta codings fraternity in day met in the patiens of the Eichange Hotel. One hundred designates were present. The Treasurer's report showed the fraternity to be in a very prospectous condition inancially there being a balance of \$1,002 in the treasury. The organization has at the present time fifty two active chapters.

LABORERS CHASING A CONTRACTOR.

ATRANY Oct. 24.—A grang of coptay italians cm

THE TEXAS STATE FAIR.

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 24.—A News dispatch from Austin Tex., says: The state Fair opened to-day with fine weather but a small attendance. The dispay of pourry, me arts, horticultural and mechanical instruments and stock was fine, showing a marked improvement over preceding exhibitions. The day was closed by races and the awarding of precedings.

POLITICAL NEWS.

ACTION OF REPUBLICAN LEADERS. DECIDING AT A CONFERENCE NOT TO SUPPORT THE CITIZENS' MOVEMENT.

The Republican district leaders held a second meeting yesterday afternoon at the Victoria Hotel to consider the question of making nominations for local offices at the convention to be held to-night. The IIId and XIIIth Assembly Districts were the only ones unrepresented. Colonel George Bliss and John D. Lawson were present, in addition to those who attended the previous meeting. Colonel Bliss objected to the composition of the conference on the ground that some of the districts had two or three representatives, but it was agreed to take the vote by districts. Robert Boyd, of the XIVth Distriet, offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of five members to prepare a full ticket for local offices. Police Justice Smith moved as an amendment that Allan Campbell be approved as the candidate for Mayor. A lively discustion ensued on these motions. Ex-Congressman Lawson was strongly in favor of a union with the Citizens' Committee. John J. O'Brien and Joel W. Mason were earnest in their advocacy of a "straight ticket. Colonel Bliss made an energetic speech in favor of approving Mr. Campbell's nomination. He thought that his administration of his present office had commended him to the people of the city, and that the State ticket would be helped by a union with the independent citizens. He said, also, that as far as he had learned the opinions of the Chief Executive of the Nation and the nominee for Governor, they were both in favor of a union. He asserted that the State Committee had taken an interest in the matter and that the names of some of the Republican members of the Committee of Fif'y had been suggested at the State Committee's rooms. He thought there was no other chance for the election of a ticket in which Republicans could have an in-

Police Commissioner Mason reviewed the remarks Police Commissioner Mason reviewed the remarks of Colonel Biles, contradicting most of his statements. Controller Campbel's administration, so far from having been economical, Mr. Mason said, was such as to bring greater expense on the tax-payers in the end. He was inclined to doubt whether there were sufficient grounds for the statements about the wishes of the President and Secretary Folger.

Colonel Bliss retorted with general charges against

onel Bliss retorted with general charges against Colonel Bilss retorted with general charges against the Police Department as at present conducted. He thought it did not bring much credit upon the enty, and he believed that Controller Campbell's conduct in cutting down appropriations for the Police Department ought to be approved. For himself, he preferred to vote for Mr. Camobell rather than for the kind of man whom the Republican Convention was likely to nominate.

Ex-Congressman Lawson said, in an excited manner, that he would rather vote for Allan Campbell than for any Republican who could get the nomination.

Mr. Mason denounced such opinions earnestly, saying that those who held such sentiments were not Republicans. In answer to the personal allusions of Colonel Briss, the Police Commissioner, hinted that the movement to remove the Police Commissioners under Mayor Grace had been started by Colonel Bliss, and said ta the analysis and possible fee from that source, Mr. Bliss had received \$5,000 from the city for defending the Police Commissioners when on trial. sioners when on trial.

sioners when on trial.

Jacob Hess, Police Justice Smith and Major Willard Bullard were in favor of approving Mr. Campbell's nomination, while Police Justice Patterson, Michael W. Burns and others desired separate action by the Republicans. A motion was finally made to lay the matter on the table. The vote on this was considered a test vote, as those opposed to approving Mr. Campbell's nomination were recorded in the affirmative. Mesers, Lawson, Bliss, Smith, Hess and Joseph L. Perley voted against the motion, John W. Jacobus did not vote, attnotigh it is expected that the dele-Perley voted against the motion. John W. Jacobus did not vote, although it is expected that the delegates from the IXth District which he represented will be in favor of approving the citizens ticket. The sixteen other districts represented were in favor of the motion to lay the matter on the table. Had the motion to approve Mr. Campbell's nomination been earried a similar motion would have been made in regard to every name on the ticket nominated by the Committee of Fifty. Some discussion was had as to whether there should be another meeting of the conference, but it was finally decided to adjourn only to enter the City Convention as individual delegates.

THE CITIZENS' TICKET COMPLETED.

CANDIDATES FOR COUNTY CLERK, SHERIFF, SUPE-RIOR COURT JUDGES AND CORONERS NOMINATED. The Committee of Fifty met yesterday at Municipal Hail, in Madison-ave. Joseph H. Choate presided, with Charles W. Dayton as secretary. The following gentlemen were added to the committee: Henry E. Pellew, William H. Scott, F. D. Tappan, J. J. Schrenhol and Artemas H. Holmes. The Executive Committee, through John F. Plummer, recorted that it had taken up and considered the names presented to it for the various positions to be filled at the November election, and had agreed upon the following names, which were presented to the Committee of Fifty for acceptance or rejection: For County Clerk, William R. Butler: for Sherif, olonel Emmons Clark; for Superior Court Judges, Edward Salomon and Henry J. Scudder; for Coroners, Dr. J. H. Demarest, Dr. Emil W. Hoeber and

Edward McCue. Douglus Campbell moved that Mr. Butler be the nominee for County Clerk. This was agreed to unanimonsiy. Lyttleton G. Garretson then moved that Colonel Clark be the nominee for Sheriff, and commended him as a man in every way worthy of the oftice. His nomination was made unanimous. The candidates for judges were presented by S. P. Nash, and Coroners by Dr. D. B. St. John Roosa. All were manimously approved. The Committee on Headquarters announced that it had secured rooms at No. 1,173 Broadway, and that they would be open from 9 a. m. this morning.
F. W. Whitridge moved that the Executive Com-

mittee be empowered to look over the candidates for Aldernaen and Assemblymen, and recommend to the Committee of Fitty who should be supported. This was carried. Jacob H. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loob & Co., was chosen freasurer. Joseph H. Choate, Carl Schurz and Henry fiolt were appointed a committee to prepare an address to the public. It was resoived to run boxes in every election district on the Independent Democrats of the district had hoped to secure, but as Mr. Townshend is the only candidate opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to secure, but as Mr. Townshend is the only candidate opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to prepare and date opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to secure, but as Mr. Townshend is the only candidate opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to secure, but as Mr. Townshend is the only candidate opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to secure, but as Mr. Townshend is the only candidate opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to perry Belmout, they considered to perry Belmout, they considered a set of the district had hoped to secure, but as Mr. Townshend is the only candidate opposed to Perry Belmout, they considered to perry Belmou

controller Campbell's letter accepting the nomi-nation for Mayor will probably be ready to-day, SKETCHES OF THE CANDIDATES.

William A. Butler is a native of this city, and about forty-five years of age. He is by trade a plamber. He has for several years taken an active part in Democratic politics. Three years ago he was nominated for County Clerk by the Irving Hall Democracy and elected. He has been an active and influential member of the County Democracy ever since the formation of that organization. Colonel Emmons Clark is a native of this city.

Colonel Emmons Clark is a native of this city.

For the last fifteen years he has been secretary of the Board of Health, and for twenty years he has commanded the 7th Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y.

Edward Salomon is a native of Germany, and his age is about fifty years. He was elected and served one term as Lieutenant-Governor of Wisconsin, and soon after the expiration of his term came to this city and began the practice of law. He has been prominent in various reform movements.

Henry J. Scudder is a member of the law firm of Scudder & Carter, of No. 66 Wall-st., which has a large law practice. He has served a term in Congress from the lat District, but is a prominent member of the Bar Association.

Dr. J. H. Demarest is a physician of fair practice in Harlem. He has never taken an active part in politics.

Dr. Emil W. Hoeber is a native of Germany, and

about fifty-five years old. For several years he was a member of the Republican Central Committee from the XVth Assembly District. For the last two or three years he has been a member of the Republican organization opposed to the machine. He is influential among the Germans of his district. Edward McCue is cierk of the Special Term of the Supreme Court, and a member of the Purroy-White organization. He was formerly chairman of the Tammany Hall delegation from the Vith Assembly District.

L. M. BATES AND THE CITIZENS' TICKET. To the Editor of The Tribune.

SiR: Inasmuch as my name has been mentiin connection with the Mayoralty of this city, I should perhaps be privileged at this juncture to to give some public expression of my views of the present situation.

While I am in favor of the State and Nationa nominees of my party, I am also very strongly in favor of uniting every voting force regardless of party predilections for wresting the government of this great city from the hands of political spoilsmen, of whatever name or class, and of placing it in the hands of men of worth, of business, of moral integrity, and of fitting qualifications. I am therefore now in a most pronounced sense in favor of a united support of the nominees of the Citizens'

Committee.

I sincerely deprecate intimations which have reached me personally, and which I have noted in the public prints, that the party of my affiliations, through its leaders, demands hearing and consultation with the Citizens' Committee as a condition of the party's support. I would, therefore, inquire: Are my compatriots of the Republican party not heard? Has our party not an equal or greater number of representative Republicans on that committee than there are representative Democrats there? I am impressed by this how difficult it may be even for honest politicians to bury party and personal ambittons in a great and important battle for the common good of the city and all its people. important battle for the containing and all its people.

Gentlemen of the Republican party, let us in this gentlemen of the Republican party, let us in this containing and the purity and

matter show living evidence of the purity and patrotism which moved us in former years by unitedly supporting civic reform and the nominees of our Citizens' Committee.

L. M. BATES.

THE CITIZENS' TICKET APPROVED. At a mass meeting of citizens of the Xth Assembly District at Beethoven Hall on the 11th inst., a Committee of One Bundred was ap-pointed to aid in the selection of antimachine candidates for office. That committee machine candidates for office. That committee met last night at No. 83 East Fourth-st. Civil Justice Steckler was elected to the chair and in taking it h made a speech upon the duty of the public to see to the purity of its servants Max Broch moved that the committee raffly the nomination of Alian Campbell for Mayor. William A. Betier for County Clerk, and all the other nominees on the citizens county tleket. The motion was carried quanimously A committee was appointed and arrangements were made to confer with the Independent German cranication, at No. 167 East Fourth-st., and the Committee of One Hundred adjourned to meet on Tuhrsday evening.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE. VISITORS AT THE ROOMS AND WHAT THEY SAY-

TALK ABOUT CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS. The Republican State Committee rooms were visited yesterday by Congressman Richard Crowley, of the Niagara District, Abram C. Crosby, of Delhi, who is a member of the committee, Jay Hubbell, ex-Senator Halbert, of Binghamton, Health Officer Smith, ex-Senator E. M. Madden and others. Mr. Crosby said that there had been a perceptible improvement in the situation in his district within two weeks. "The men who were inclined to vote against the ticket have been influenced not to do so," he said, "by the argument that the Stalwarts did not bolt the nomination of Garfield though they had as good reason to do it as the Garfield Republicans now have to vote against Folger." When asked if he did not think there was a wide difference between the way Garfield was nominated and the manner in which the candidacy of Mr. Folger was forced upon the party, he replied that he could not see any and that this argument was having great effect in the conntry districts. Mr. Crowley reported that the disaffection in his district was not serious. Jay Hubbell has finished the work of collecting assessments, and is calmly looking forward to a victory as the result

whether there should be another meeting of the conference, but it was finally decided to adjourn only to enter the City Convention as individual delegates.

Various opinions were expressed after the adjournment of the conference as to the probable result of the City Convention to-might. A motion will be introduced approving the nominations made by the Committee of Fifty and an earnest effort will be made to pass it. It will, however, be defeated if the opinions of the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will, however, be brought to bear on the leaders of the sixteen districts remain as they were yesterday. The strongest influences will have a good deal of work done in the committee-rooms that Mr. Cregan grew indignant and republicans, white John J. O'Brien was certain that a straight tecket will be named. In the latter event the probable nominees are L. M. Bates for Mayor, John J. O'Brien bear of the city favor a minon that a straight tecket will be named. In the latter event the probable nominees are L. M. Bates for Mayor, John J. O'Brien was certain that a straight tecket will be named. In the latter event the probable nominees are L. M. Bates for Mayor, John J. O'Brien was c object is to secure better nominations in the city, so as to aid the candidates on the State ticke It was the general belief among the local leader object is to secure better nominations in the city, so as to ald the candidates on the State ticket. It was the general belief among the local leaders last night that W. L. Strong, who wrote a letter yesterday accepting the nomination, would be elected to Congress in the XIth District to succeed Roswell P. Flower. The Democrats are incensed at Mr. Flower for, stating in his letter declining the nomination for Congress that the party leaders would better give the people a chance once in a while to select a candidate. Mr. Flower will not be likely to let the public see. The Democrats have had hard work to find a candidate in the district. The Republicans will nominate a Congressional candidate in all the districts this year, because the candidate for Congressimal-at-Large will be voted for on the same tickets with the district candidates. Daniel Quinn will be nominated in the Vith District. He is a foreman in Roach's from works. The Steckler Association will nominate a Republican candidate in the Vith District in opposition to John E. Brodsky, who represents John J. O'Brien. Justice Steckler was elected in this judical district has year over the candidates of both the Republican and Democratic machines, and if a good nomination for Congress is made in opposition to the machines this year the chance of success is believed to be good. The Democratic State Committee has been trying to force the Democratic leaders of this disthis year the chance of success is believed to be good. The Democratic State Committee has been trying to force the Democratic leaders of this dis-trict to nominate William Dorsheimer for Congress.

BOUND TO BEAT PERRY BELMONT.

The Republican Congressional Convention in the 1st Congressional District met yesterday after-noon in the Town Hall at Jamaica, L. I. No Republinooh in the rown has can hominee was pinced in the field and the Republican voters were requested to vote for that candidate who would be most likely to defeat Perry Belmont. This is not the ratification of Dwight Townshend which the independent Democrats of the district had hoped of Queens County, offered a set of resolutions asking the of the fact that Mr. Townshend had been nominated by the Independent Democrats, to place his name on th Republican ball its, as it was inexpedient to place a Republican nominee in the field. The resolutions were oplosed by a warm personal friend of Perry Belin for debate. Mr. Oths was made in case that the ratification of Mr. Townshend's nomination by his control of the twelve votes of Suffolk County, which he cast in the absence of the delegates. John F. Quaries, a colored lawyer, favored the resolutions because, he said, the failure of the Republicans to approve Mr. Townshend's candidacy would be equivalent to their ratifying Perry Beimont's nomination. Mr. Townshend, did not come before them as a Democrat, but as an independent man, who was unalterably opposed to the rings and corrupt combinations which had disgraced the district, and no would combine all the best elements against Perry Beimont and his father.

A communication from the Independent Democratic conventions which met in Jamalea and in Long Island City on Saturday was read, giving official notification of Dwigat Townshend's nomination and asking for Republican approval of his candidacy. A recess was taken, during which James Otts and Mr. Davison, the classman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention, were asked by some of the deleman of the convention of the nomination. They seemed

during which James Otls and Mr. Davison, the man of the convention, were asked by some of the gutes to be candidates for the nomination. They se unwilling to be nominated, just to give Perry Be the pleasure of beaating a Republican. The deleg from each county was asked after the recess what e date they had to propose, and each one answere more. It was evidently the desire of the whole vention, with one or two exceptions, to support

Continued on Fifth Page

THE LANDING OF PENN.

THE EVENT GAYLY COMMEMORATED. THE TWO-HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED

IN PHILADELPHIA BY GREAT CROWDS-PIGTUR-*ESQUE FEATURES OF THE DAY'S CEREMONIES-INTERESTING SCENES AND INCIDENTS. IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24.-Philadelphia is this week as completely given over to the spirit of rejoicing as was ever Paris to the spirit of revolution. Visitors are reminded, by crowds that make life at the hotels a prolonged misery and walking on the streets almost a Sisyphian labor, of the days of the Exposition in 1876; but observant Philadelphians tell them that all the activity and excitement then spread over months are now to be compressed into four days and intensified by an exuberance of feelings which must find vent in small-boy methods and extravagant behavior. Like a mouse in an atmosphere of oxygen, the people of the Quaker City are living with furlous rapidity; and unless they receive a special dispensation of strength, both physical and mental, one can fancy them all prostrated with exhaustion next week. The sufferings and rejoicings of to-day have alone been sufficient to lead one to believe that circumstances might arise when bedlam and pandemonium would bring blessed relief.

The idea that Philadelphia is a staid, quiet-loving city received its first rude shock last night, when crowds thronged the principal streets until the small hours of the morning. Two purposes seemed to actuate them-to keep moving and make a noise. They were excited by each other, by the profuse display of banners, flags, arches and portraits before, behind, above and around them, and made delirious by the sound of the State House bell when at midnight it rang out a salute of 200 strokes. They ran, sang and shouted for hours, for now the Bi-Centennial celebration was begun.

This morning the city's populace, swelled by scores of thousands from the surrounding towns, villages and cities, were up betimes. It was Landing Day, and William Penn was again to land at the historic spot on the banks of the Delaware, meet his thrifty Dutch and Swedish subjects and the Indians with whom two hundred years ago he dickered for land upon which to found his great commonwealth; all this in allegory, of course, and attended by such a naval and civic display as would publish to the world the present greatness of the city Penn founded. Some of the features of the celebration at Chester of the day previous were repeated, but on a grander scale, The conterfeit Penn came up the river in a fullrigged ship, surrounded by men in seventeenth century Quaker garb and with a crew of sailors in striped Jerseye, petticoat

trousers and "pudding-bag" caps. The ship floated from her mizzen peak the name of the veritable vessel in which the veritable Penn crossed the Atlantic. It was an old Danish hulk that had been rotting here at the wharves, which had been given an archaic contour by the addition of a poo aft and a raised bow. Her sails were furled, but nevertheless she sailed grandly up from League Island, several miles below the city, under the propulsion of two tugboats. picturesque pageant ever seen here.

Her coming was attended by the most a hundred tugboats, brilliant with fluttering bunting, acted as an escort of honor. They went down the Delaware to meet her early in the morning. The sun had come out and found the sky clear and blue, and a northwesterly wind, slightly eager and nipping, blew briskly. The rigging of the shipping along the river front had blossomed a marvellous crop of bunting of all shapes, sizes and colors, bearing all manner of devices, from the coats of arms of the countries of the world down to the names of candidates in the political canvass of 1880. From all practical portions of the rigging and from long lines reaching from masthead to bowsprit, from peak to taffrail, flags waved and pennants cracked in the sharp breeze. Aided by the dancing water, the outlines of the projecting wharves, albeit they were old and shabby, the multitude of vessels big and little and the thousand intersecting lines of their rigging, the simple decorations along the water front far surpassed in effect

the most pretentions decorations in the city streets. The tugboats moved down the river as early as 7 o'clock. Thousands of persons were on hand, however to see the novel pageant. They crowded the wharves and streets along the water's edge, they filled the windows and roofs of abutting houses; they swarmed over the little sloops and schooners along the shore and penetrated to every spot that offered them a coign of vantage. Venturesome men and women rode on the points of bowsprits and swung on the yards and booms of the vessels. They clambered to the main truck and perched there for hours awaiting the return of the escort boats and Penn's ship, the Welcome. Near the Navy Yard four war vessels of the North Atlantic Squadron, the Yantic, Tennessee, Kearsarge and Enterprise, lay at anchor. From their booming guns and those of Fort Mifflin, as the Welcome and her escort were saluted, the spectators in the city above learned about 8 o'clock that the Founder was coming. The spectacle was wonderfully brilliant, especially when a bend in the river revealed the gayly bedizened, fancy-looking tug-boats as a curved and animated line a mile long. When Christ Church in Second-st, was passed a chime of bells, a gift from Queen Anno to the church, rang out their weicome, and soon after a rakish rev-enue cutter's guns joined in the jubilation. To all the salutes a howitzer

on the Welcome gave feeble answer. William Penn stood high in the stern and gazed over the teeming Delaware. William was a little uneasy, perhaps about his lines, masmuch as he was a makeshift. The William of the original scheme was a retired actor whom the festive spirit and Howing bowl got the better already on Monday. The committee, hastily casting about for a substitute, heard that the Chester William Penn was in town. They found him, but, alas; he had made merry with his Indians, and was not to be thought of. Thus was the Rev. Mr. Kurtz doubly justified and historically vindicated in his denunciation last Sunday, under the very shadow of the elm beneath which the treaty is supposed to have been sigued, of William Penn as one who caused ruin by giving rum to the savages, and was, therefore, unworthy of pulpit

Finally Francis M. Van Horn, son of a wellknown theatrical costumer, agreed to assume the role. Penn disembarked at the foot of Dock-st., and with his Quakers entered upon the biggest effort of his life-to get from the river to Dock and Second-sts. In the large open square at Dock and Second-ste, a space had been reserved for the landing ceremonies. William Penn was to meet there the Dutch, Swedish, and Indian settlers and give them Dutch, Swedish, and Indian settiers and give them assurance of his good will. In the traditions of the landing of 200 years ago the scene of a possible conference of this kind is laid at an innicated the Blue Anchor, which stood near the mouth of Dock Creek, now Dock st. There are two Blue Anchor inns near the river. Of course the owner of each will fight till his eyelids will no longer wag on the theme that he is the only original site. As beeach will fight till his eyelids will no longer wag on the theme that his is the only original site. As between the two, the celebration committee decided to go to neither, and so, for the reception of Penn, they improvised a Blue Anchor inn in the reserved space. Hard by they pitched a camp for the Indians, and for a short time betore the pageant came up the river, Dutch burghers, Swedish peasants, and Narragansett and Delaware braves sauntered about the space. The provisions for restraining the crowd were ridiculously inadequate, however, and soon all the space was filled with a mob of surging spectators.

William Penn and his peaceful followers fought their way up to the square and attempted to carry out the programme, but before they finished the crowd earne forward like an avalanche. The tents were carried away, and Indians, Quakers, Duich and Swedes scattered in hopoless confusion. The hastily improvised Penn had not had time to learn